





Wind Turbine and Generator Condition Monitoring

Plant Condition Monitor for Generators e-PCM

The Artesis e-PCM is an AI based online condition monitoring system for wind turbine and generators. e-PCM uses patented technology to offer a unique solution that safeguards generators from electrical and mechanical faults.

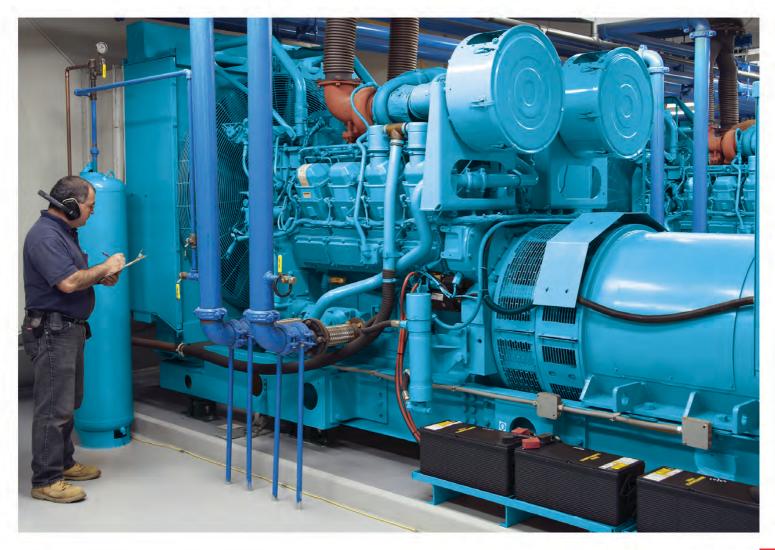
e-PCM continuously identifies existing and developing faults on generators and their prime movers, effectively using the generator itself a sophisticated transducer. e-PCM utilizes an intelligent, model-based approach to provide anomaly detection by measurring the current and voltage signals from the electrical supply from the generator. It is permanently mounted, generally in the generator control center and is applicable to 3- phase AC generators. Accompanying Artesis Enterprise Server Software and IoT Portal are used to view the data.



Applications

e-PCM is applicable to wide range of equipment, including wind turbines, turbo alternators, diesel generators and hydro generators, and is particulary valuable for equipment in inaccessible or hazardous environments.

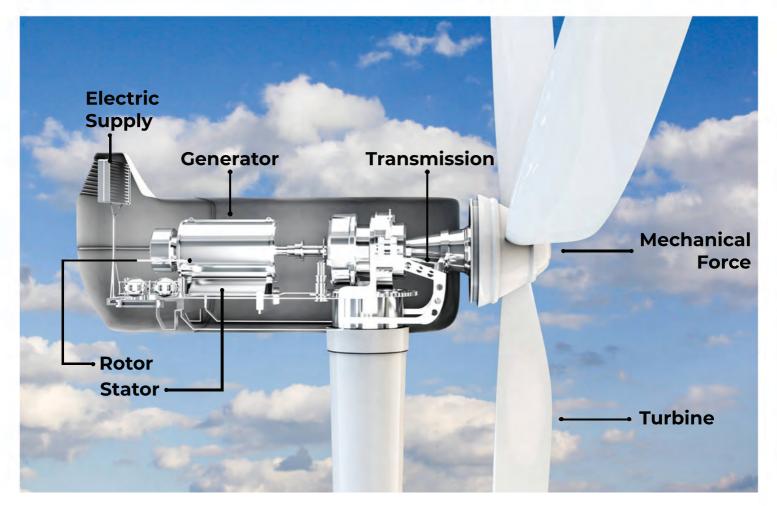
e-PCM can be used across many industries including the chemical and petrochemical, metal processing, power generation, pulp and paper, water, utilities, cement, food and beverage, automotive, textile, and maritime sectors.



Working Principle

e-PCM creates a digital twin of generators and their prime movers such as wind turbines. The digital twin is built up during self-learning phase of operation. During this phase the three voltages and three currents are continuously measured and processed using system identification algorhims which determine the model parameters under a full range of operating states.

When a fault starts to develop in either the generator or the prime mover, this has an effect on the current waveform, making the real system behave differently from the model system. This allows e-PCM to use the generator as a sensor that can detect faults in both the generator and the prime mover. e-PCM continuously compares model parameters with those held in the reference model.



Continuous Monitoring for Wind Turbines

e-PCM monitors the following parameters continuously:

& Turbine blades

- Misalignment
- Mechanical damages

🛱 Gear box

- •Wear, crack in gears
- Looseness
- Eccentricity

Generator and pump bearings

- Ring and ball damage
- Crack
- Corrosion
- Lubrication problems

Alternator

- Unbalance
- Axial misalignment
- Cracks in the rotor bars
- •Short circuit and insulation problems in wound rotors
- Rotor eccentricity
- •Short circuit, insulation weakening and looseness in stator windings
- •Heating problems at motor terminal connection points
- Current unbalance and voltage unbalance
- . Cable damages and port malfunctions

闦 Pumps

- Cavitation
- •Axial misalignment
- •Bearing failures
- Cracks and fractures in the pump impeller
- Rotor and stator failures

Energy production information

- Instant active power (kW)
- Instantaneous reactive power (kVAr)
- Total active power (kWh)
- Total reactive power (kVArh)

🕖 Working hours information

- Total working hours
- Last working hour
- Previous working hour

Energy statistics on equipment or group basis in monthly and daily periods

- Active power demand graph
- Daily and monthly summary
- Day and month summary

Harmonic Analysis

- THD
- Odd harmonics 3,5,7,9,11,13

🖡 Frequency

- A Current and voltage imbalances
- U Power factor
- 🗂 3 phase current and voltage rms values

Continuous Monitoring for Your Generators

e-PCM monitors the following parameters continuously:

XMechanical Faults:

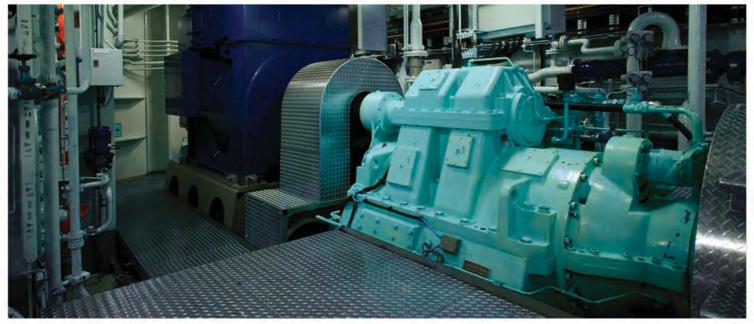
- Loose Foundation,
- Loose Components,
- Unbalance,
- Misalignment,
- Coupling,
- Bearing,
- Transmission Element,
- Rotor faults

⁶[®]Electrical Faults:

- Loose Windings,
- Stator,
- Short Circuit,
- Internal Electrical,
- External Electrical,

Gelectrical parameters:

- Power factor
- Active power
- Reactive power
- Vrms (3 phase)
- Irms (3 phase)
- V Imbalance
- I Imbalance
- Frequency
- Total Harmonic distortion
- 3rd Harmonic
- 5th Harmonic
- 7th Harmonic
- 9th Harmonic
- 11th Harmonic
- 13th Harmonic



Key Features

e-PCM simplifies condition monitoring while increasing maintenance efficiency.

- Easy installation from a single point with alternator current and voltage information without sensors.
- Maintenance planing information including diagnostic and time to failure
- Easy to use and no need for interpretation by a highly trained person
- Detects and diagnoses exsisting and develoing faults
- Verifies effectiveness of the maintenance action taken
- Unlimited trend recording* (*According to database size)
- PSD -Power Spectral Density- Curve recording for advance analysis
- E-Mail tool for diagnostic alerts
- Sending data to the host without the need for static IP
- User authorization on the basis of facility or equipment
- Electrical parameter values can be transferred to other systems with Modbus TCP.
- With OPC DA 2.0, both electrical parameters and diagnostic parameters can be transferred to other systems.



Alarm Types and Diagnostics

e-PCM constantly takes measurements and compares them with its reference condition, in order to assess the severity and type of any developing fault. It is able to recognise abnormalities in a wide range of operating states, and is even able to extend its self-learning process when it recognises that it has moved beyond its original learning limits. This allows e-PCM to achieve very sensitive detection of faults without false alarms.

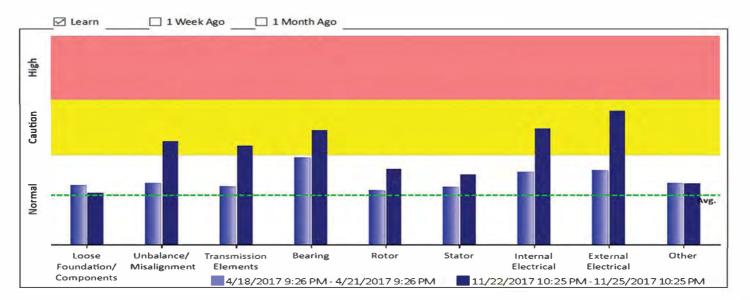
Normal	Green: Normal operation
😑 Watch Line	
- Watch Load	Yellow: The situation is developing outside of normal working conditions.
Examine 1	Red: There is a developing fault
Examine 2	

EQUIPMENT STATUS REPORT



Device Name	MPT-PM-418A	Nominal Voltage (L-N)	3810 V
Equipment Type	Pump	Nominal Current	385 A
Frequency	50 Hz	Motor Speed	1494 rpm

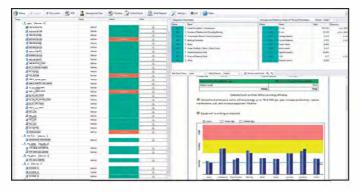
Equipment is working as expected.



Monitoring Software

E-PCM supports various remote monitoring options.

- Artesis Enterprise Software
- •Artesis IoT Software
- •3rd party Software integration*





Artesis Enterprise Software



Dargement statute with		trazensetis	Same Greensty		March 1996	YOATA	nig Alleri All	
tone .	Verseine		Name	Statys	Preser factory	Salist you have	horizonte	derive permit
			http://www.coupert	13	(4.59%	100017041	2020-04999	
- Part Inter			HTLAS 2014025 (2000 334 200) #	88	dide.	own there .	Ltt.i=	(aligner)
			mana mang	85	silin.	Distriction of the second	2.121103446	851,771,8
			143006-01051-0	10	64.17%	Stadforth.	1,737.0440	0111000
Band Replacement &	Mari Palance		(ANDER LITER)		5738%	integrations.	817,814M	Intellie
Treat And generate &	- Bank August - Same		DOMESTICS. AND COST \$18.5.	48	50.018	Stations.	Liter is comm	which the
	44 199 240 199 144 199 40 199 40 199		148		ĪĪ	nan basa kasa sini kasal	J.	
test (1.0 201						_	

Artesis IoT Software

*Both electrical parameters and diagnostic parameters can be transferred to other systems via Modbus TCP or OPC DA 2.0

Electrical Faults

Fault type	Causes	Effects
Voltage or current imbalance	Failing windings or capacitors, loose connections	Mechanical damage, reduced efficiency, breakdowns
Insulation breakdown	Thermal effects, contamination, moisture, wear	Shorts, major damage, reinsulation
Rotor and stator damage	Excessive movement, bad rewind	Loss of power, severe damage,

Mechanical Faults

Fault type	Causes	Effects	
Foundation or component looseness	Bad design, installation, deterioration	Distortion leads to bearing and seal failures	
Unbalance, misalignment	Bad installation or maintenance, fouling	Mechanical damage, efficiency loss	
Bearings and transmission problems including loose belts	Bad installation, bad lubrication, wear	Progressive damage, secondary damage	
Rotor damage	Physical damage, corrosion, windings get grounded or short circuited	Loss of process efficiency, power consumption	



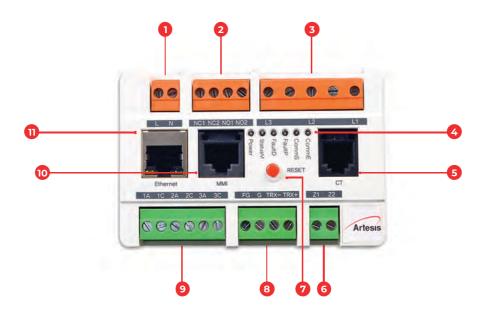
Operational Faults

Fault type	Causes	Effects
Winding heat up	Overloading causes the flow of high currents which causes the stator.	
Lubrication problems	Greasing schedules, bad lubrication system, oil ageing	Loss of efficiency, progressive damage to bearings, trans
Reverse power	This occurs due to failure of the prime mover and insufficient torque supplied to the generator.	
Underexcitation	Underexcitation occurs when the excitation to the generator is cut off and the Power factor goes to the leading side.	This can lead to the failure of the diodes on the rotor and pole slipping.
Negative Phase Sequence	Alternator is loaded in an unbalanced manner. That is, the current on the three phases are not balanced.	Heating of the Alternator rotor.
Overvoltage	Failure of the excitation control system. If the excitation input to the alternator does not match the voltage.	Voltage rising above normal levels and the risk of the winding insulation getting damaged.
Overspeeding	Speed controller regulating the speed of the prime mover fails. When the speed of the alternator rises above the nominal speed, the centrifugal forces developed within the Alternator are so enormous that the poles of a salient pole rotor can get damaged and can come out of the rotor.	Hit the stator and the alternator will be severely damaged.



Motor Condition Monitoring System

No	Name	Function
1	Supply voltage terminal	Terminal for operational power (AC 100- 240V, DC 120-370V)
2	Relay output terminal	Alarm triggering
3	Motor voltage input	Terminal for motor input voltage (Max 690V)
4	Status LED	Indicates Power status, Module status, etc.
5	CT connection port	Terminal for 3 phase CT connection (RJ12) (Max 100mA)
6	ZCT connection port	Terminal for ground CT connection
7	Reset button	Trip Relay Reset Button
8	RS-485 terminal	Terminal for RS-485 communication
9	Empty terminal	No function
10	HMI terminal	Terminal for connecting with HMI (RJ45)
11	Ethernet port	Terminal for erhernet communication (RJ45)



- Motor fault diagnosis
- Predictive diagnosis of electrical and mechanical faults
- (3-phase AC motor) Energy meter function
- Power monitoring
- Touch screen display monitor (4.3 "TFT LCD monitor)

- RS485 serial communication and Ethernet communication support
- EN 60255-26: 2013, EN 61010-1:2010, EN61326-1: 2006
- Compact size (94 mm x 64 mm x 110 mm)
- DIN rail mount available

e-PCM Datasheet

Rated Specifications

General Information		
Genetator Type	3-phase generators	
Ambient Conditions		
Operating Temperature	-10 - 50 °C	
Humidity	%80, Relative Humidity, non-condensing	
Pollution Degree	2	
Altitude	2000m (6562ft)	
IP Rating	IP40	
Input Supply Voltage		
Rated Voltage	100-240 Vac	
Allowable Input Voltage	90% - 110% (of rated voltage)	
Frequency	50/60Hz	
Power Consumption	5W	
Over Voltage Category	IEC61010 Cat III	
Measurement Voltage Inputs	max 690Vac (Line to Line)	
Measurement Current Inputs	Up to 2500A with three Cat III Current Transformers: 0.5% accuracy	
Frequency Range	15-120Hz	
Communication		
Network	RS485 - Modbus-RTU TCP/IP - Modbus-TCP	
Display		
4.3" LED	Displays electrical measurement, failure information, and setting values	
Status LEDs	Displays power status, module status, comm status, alarm for diagnosis	
Dimensions WxHxL	120 mm x 105 mm x 15 mm	
Physical		
Weight	450 g (1 lb)	
Dimensions WxHxL	96 mm x 64 mm x 110 mm	
Mounting	Front Panel Mounting (indoor)	
Compliance & Certifications		
EMC	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, EN61326-1, IEC61326-1	
Safety	Electrical Safety Directive 2006/95/EC, EN61010-1,IEC61010-1	

Measurement Functions

Voltage	3 phase voltage (line-line), unbalance [%]	
Current	3 phase current, unbalance [%], THD [%]	
Active Power	Measuring active power [kW]	
Reactive Power	Measuring reactive power [kVAr]	
Frequency	Measuring Frequency [Hz]	
Power factor	Measuring Power factor	
Energy	Total Whr, Today Whr, Prev day Whr	
Data and Time	Year, month, day, hour, minute, second	

Auxiliary Functions

Password	Password Secure configuration	
Communication	Serial/ethernet communication for monitoring status and event history	
Total Running-Hour	Record of total running from installation which cannot be modified or cleared	
Alarm	Output alarm signal to 3 output relays	
Fault History	30(diagnosis) fault history to the flash memory	
Limitation Of Auto Reset Attempt	Block auto-reset if the reset count exceeds the pre-set count within 30 minutes	
Date/Time Information Setting	Save date/time to provide exact time of motor failure	

Accessory-Split Core Current Transformers

AC25R-10-100mA -E	3 x10A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 10A:100mA
AC25R-20-100mA -E	3 x20A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 20A:100mA
AC25R-30-100mA -E	3 x30A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 30A:100mA
AC25R-30-100mA -E	3 x60A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 60A:100mA
AC25R-100-100mA -E	3 x100A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 100A:100mA
AC25R-200-100mA -E	3 x200A	Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø25mm) 200A:100mA



AC51R-400-100mA -E	3x400A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø51mm) 400A:100mA
AC51R-600-100mA -E	3x600A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø51mm) 600A:100mA
AC51R-800-100mA -E	3x800A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø51mm) 800A:100mA

AC80R-1000-100mA -E	3x1000A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø80mm) 1000A:100mA
AC80R-1500-100mA -E	3x1500A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø80mm) 1500A:100mA

AC105R-1200-100mA -E	3x1200A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø105mm) 1200A:100mA
AC105R-2000-100mA -E	3x2000A Splitcore current transformers set, (Ø105mm) 2000A:100mA











Turbine Controls Ltd

52 Kenilworth Drive, Oadby, Leicester, LE2 5LG United Kingdom

+44 (0)116 271 7248 🕔

sales@tcluk.net support@tcluk.net

tcluk.net 🌐

